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## **POEM – Personalised Open Education for the Masses**

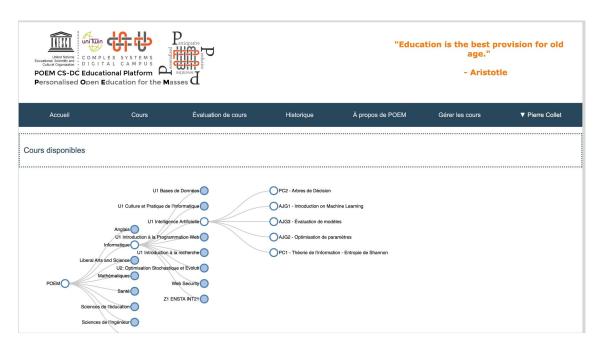
- 2001: Paraschool (Nb 1 e-learning company in France with 5000 enlisted students) contacts Pierre Collet to add artificial intelligence in their platform
- 2006: PhD of Grégory Valigiani (supervised by Pierre Collet), introduces Ant Colony Optimization (man-hill) and ELO grading in education
- 2007: Paraschool (500 000 enlisted student) bought by Editis and then BORDAS
- 2012: Pierre Collet, Cyrille Bertelle and Paul Bourgine submit a 74 universities network on Complex Systems science to UNESCO
- 2014: Complex Systems Digital Campus (CS-DC) UNESCO UniTwin validated by Irina Bokova, director general of UNESCO
- Concepts elaborated for Paraschool are re-implemented in POEM v1
  POEM: (Personalised Open Education for the Masses)
- 2015: first publication of POEM-COPA (Collaborative Open Peer Assessment)
- 2019: POEMv1 used by 3500 students in France, Azerbaijan, Taiwan, Senegal,...
- 2020: Yohan Solon re-implements POEM (v3) using Python / Jango / HTML5 / CSS3
  / VueJS and introduces vertical inter-tutoring (in-Tuto)
- 2022: POEM v3 used by ~2000 students at University of Strasbourg

## **POEM — Personalised Open Education for the Masses**

#### Flagship of the CS-DC UNESCO UniTwin in 2020, to support:

- A Knowledge map using a multidimensional hyperbolic space (under development)
- A Platform supporting courses materials and webinars, with:
  - student interface ✓
  - educator interface ✓
  - institutional interface /
- A Collaborative Open Peer Assessment COPA
- Competitive level evaluation based on multicolour ELO ratings ✓ (to be tested)
- Vertical inter-tutoring system and forum In-Tuto ✓ (to be tested)
- Automated optimal personalized pedagogical path proposition (under development)

# POEM-COPA v1 (multilingual): 2014-2020



- 200 lessons / 3510 students / 23 University teachers
- 18000 questions created by students / 71000 evaluated answers

# **Collaborative Open Peer Assessment (2015)**

- First (and still only) <u>open</u> automated evaluation protocol
- Uses <u>natural</u> intelligence in a formative way:
  - After the course, the student must:
    - Ask one question and provide a model answer (both will be evaluated)
    - 2. **Answer 3 questions and rate the quality of the questions** 2 from the pedagogical team and 1 from another student
    - Evaluate 9 answers and rate the quality of model answers using the asked question + the model answer and rate the model answer

Rating is done using a constrained number of points

#### Résultat de l'évaluation HILISIT

- 1 leçon (Jean-Marc) = 4 questions posées
- 6 participants (Valérie, Florent, Edouard, Pascal, Stacy, Pierre)
  - Mais seulement 3 questions posées
- Au total, 7 questions différentes, donc la phase 3 n'a pas été débloquée (raison : pour une évaluation formative, la phase 3 doit contenir 9 questions différentes à évaluer)

Donc pas de notes :-(((

# Sur les questions posées

#### Des questions fermées !!!

 Quels sont les 3 types de rétroactions/feedbacks important à fournir aux étudiants après leur avoir posé une question ?

#### Des réponses intéressantes :

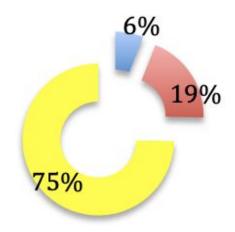
Q: Quels niveaux de Bloom sont cochés par POEM et pourquoi?

**R**: Je croyais qu'il s'agissait d'un QCM et je me retrouve face à une dissertation!

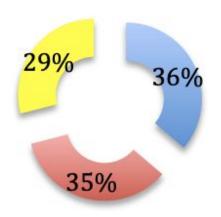
Merci d'avoir souligné l'intérêt de l'évaluation en ligne COPA :-)))))

## A chaque fois, j'ai posé la question et formulé la réponse en recherchant dans le cours

- Pas d'accord
- Légèrement d'accord
- Complètement d'accord



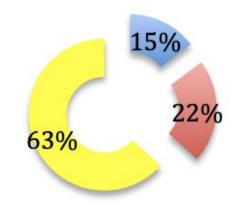
## A chaque fois, j'ai posé la question et formulé la réponse de mémoire (sans le cours)



- Pas d'accord
- Légèrement d'accord
- Complètement d'accord

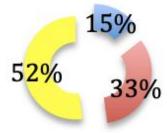
### A chaque fois, j'ai cherché à évaluer la qualité de la question à l'aide du cours

- Pas d'accord
- Légèrement d'accord
- Complètement d'accord



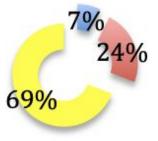
## Je trouve que l'évaluation participative m'a beaucoup aidé(e) à mieux comprendre le cours

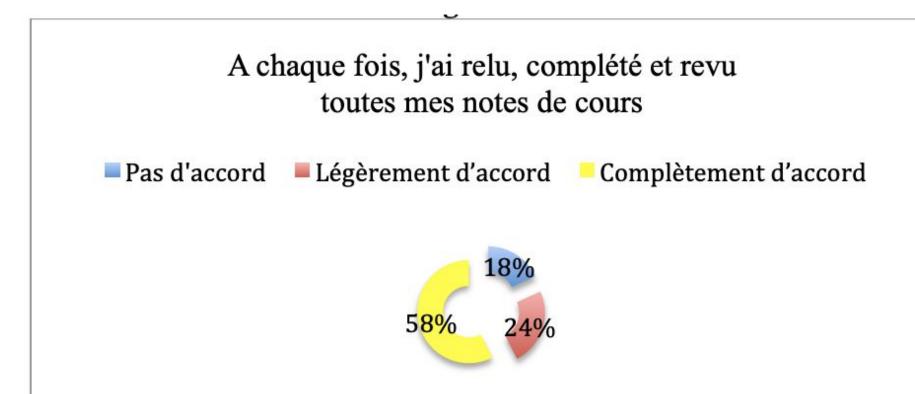
Pas d'accord Légèrement d'accord Complètement d'accord



Je trouve que cette évaluation est un très bon moyen de réviser les cours

Pas d'accord Légèrement d'accord Complètement d'accord





# Inter-tutoring system and forum (In-Tuto)

# PhD of Yohan Solon: development of vertical online tutoring:

- e ears for
- COPA provides <u>horizontal</u> interaction between peers for evaluation
- **In-Tuto** provides <u>vertical</u> interaction between students and tutors (a student who is one or two years ahead in the same curriculum)

#### Vertical interaction goes up to the pedagogical team:

 Tutors who do not know the answer to a question can ask them to their own tutors up to the teacher who provided the course

Implementation using a specific forum developed for POEM by Yohan Solon, that reinforces horizontal and vertical interactions between students for an emergence of knowledge and skills

**Gamification of online vertical tutoring** 

Une interface **ludique**, **progression** du **tuteur** et de ses **apprenants**.

Niveau Elo (tuteur):

Affichage tuteurs (<=>niveau Elo)

Progression niveau:

Évaluation du tutoré?

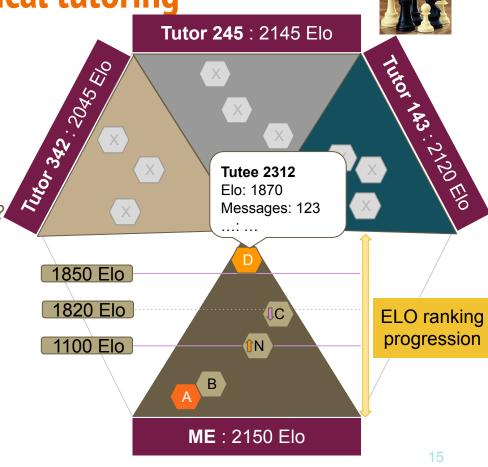
Nombre d'échanges tuteur / tutoré ?

#### Niveau Elo (apprenant):

- Affichage tutorés tuteurs
- Progression niveau:
  - Interactions?
  - Évaluations (COPA, etc.) ?

Vertical: niveau

Horizontal: groupes de travail



# Competitive level evaluation based on ELO ratings

After the end of an assessment, the system evaluates learner-learner strength ratio mediated by contents and converts it into ELO levels

#### Approach proposed for ranking chess players by physicist Arpad Elo:

- 1. to find the ranking of players in a minimal number of games
- 2. to determine the probability of winning (losing) based on ELO level difference

# Applied to education for Paraschool in 2006, by having students fight against exercises:

- evaluates the difficulty of an exercise
- after convergence, the ELO rating of an exercise is fixed
- students' ELO rating are determined against fixed-ELO exercises

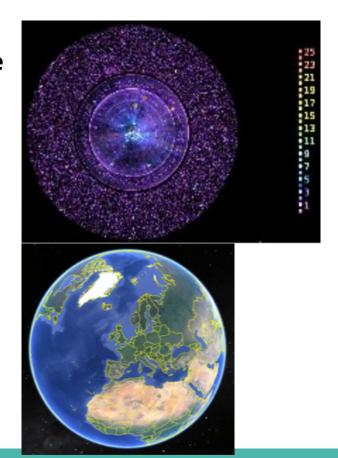
Level of students can be used for grading if they work on a same set of fixed-ELO exercises

# **Knowledge map (under development)**

Representation of knowledge in a spherical form with several layers (onion) for a hyperbolic space (Newell and Simon, 1972):

- Knowledge increases from the inner to the outer onion spheres
- Alternative to current representation as a list (problematic with thousands of contents)

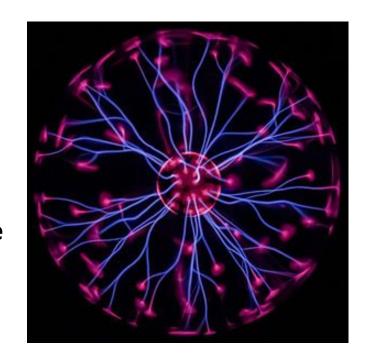
Onion layers organized to minimize distance between disciplines (maths closer to physics and chemistry than to history or geography)



# **Objective:** helping students find the best trajectory

By showing the (statistically) most successful learning trajectories for a given knowledge map

If a student selects a diploma, the most successful routes to obtain this diploma are chown



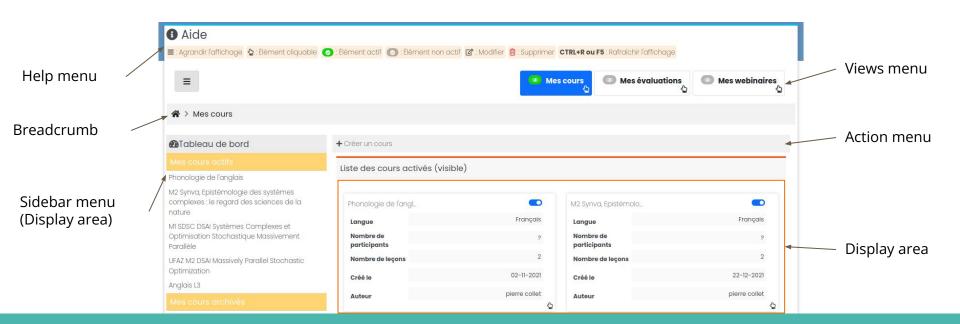
# **POEM Dashboard**

A dedicated educator interface —

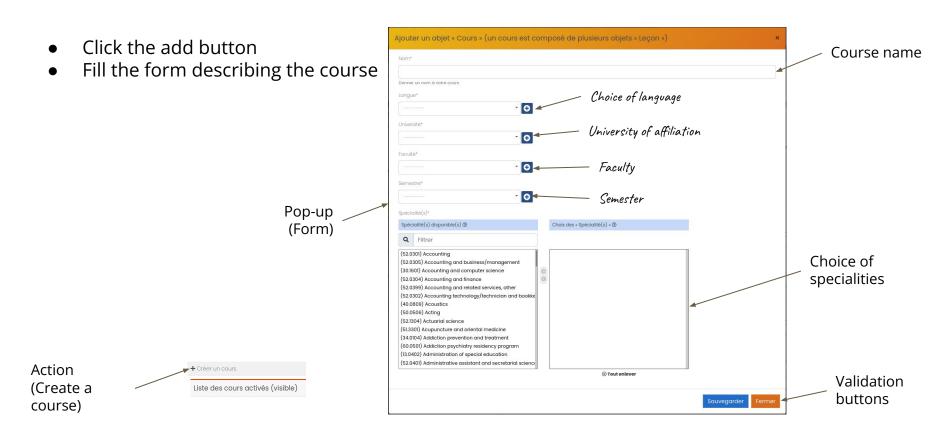
## **Educator dashboard - Homepage**

Once connected, POEM shows the use his/her dashboard = interface providing a set of features:

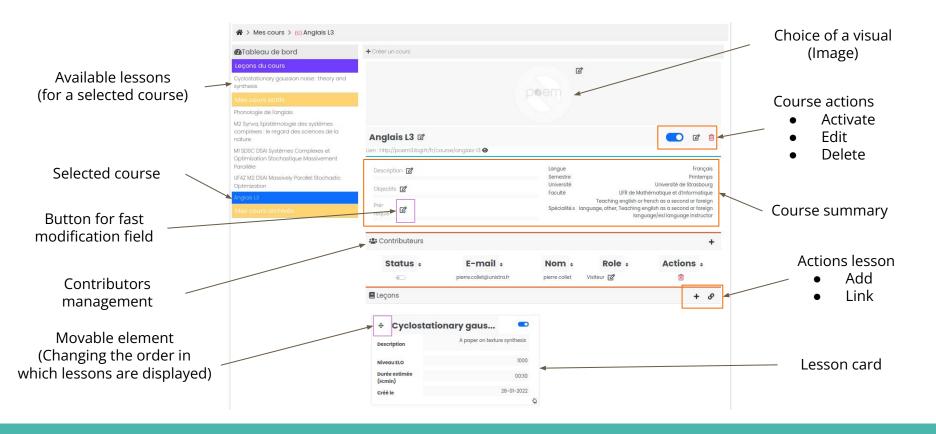
- manage courses,
- create an evaluation session
- prepare a webinar



### **Dashboard - Create a course**

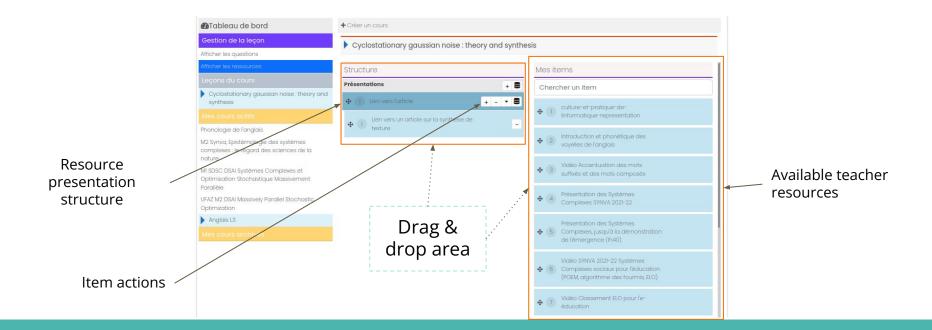


# Dashboard - Detailed course page



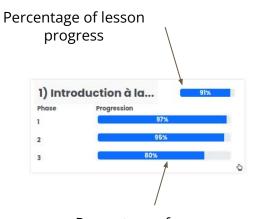
# Dashboard - Resource management lesson

Organisation of the presentation structure of the lesson resources. Create or link existing resources.



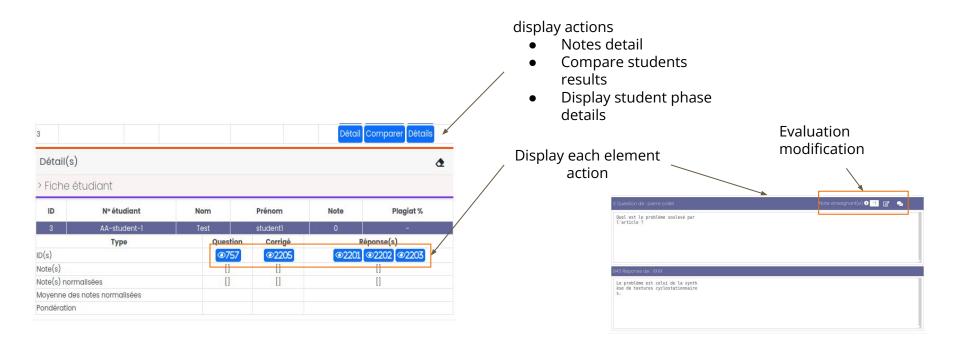
#### **Dashboard - Assessment**



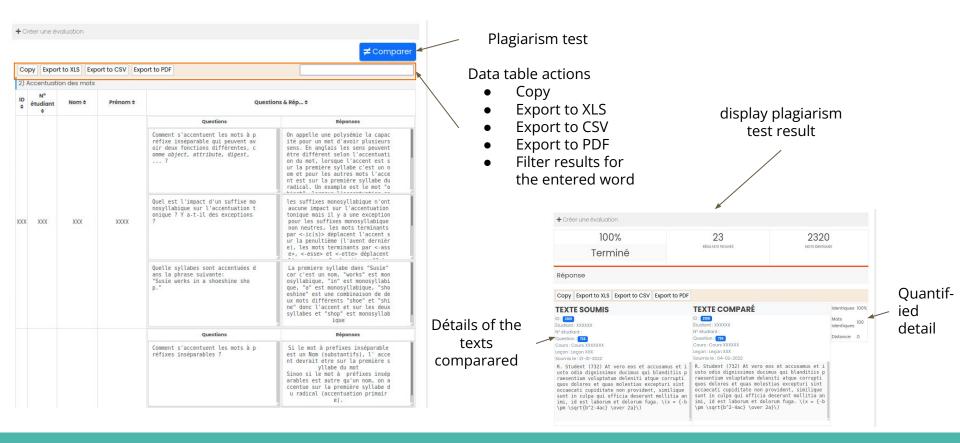


Percentage of progress by phase

# **Dashboard - Assessment detail by student**



# Dashboard - Plagiarism / cheating detection

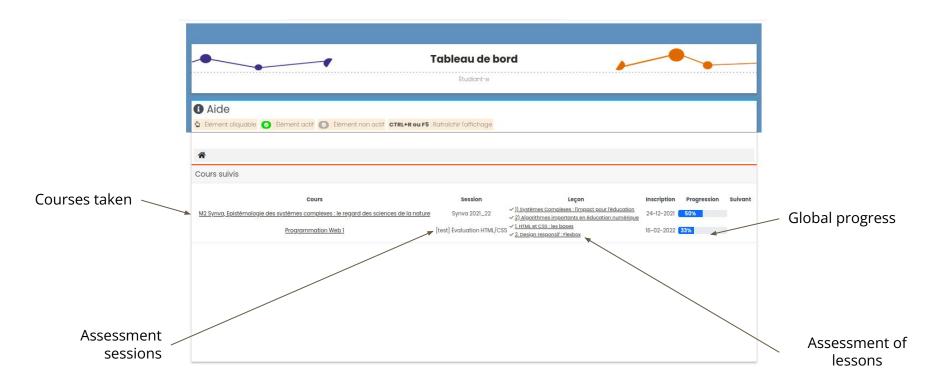


# **Dashboard**

Student

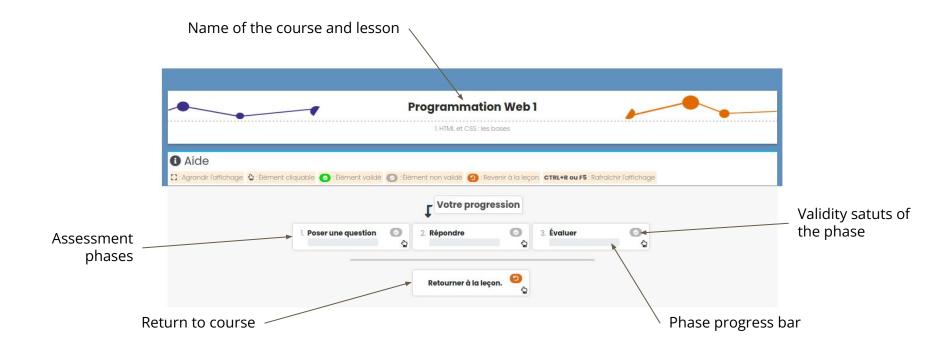
# **Dashboard**: Homepage

The essential data for the student during his training course

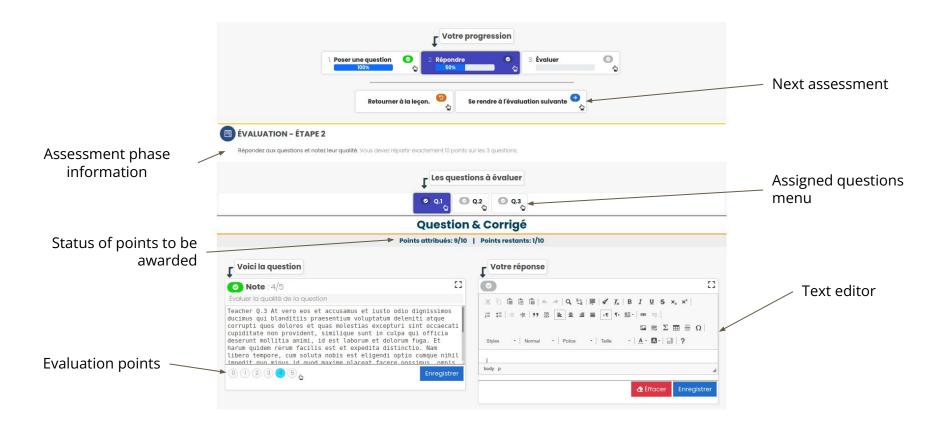


### **Dashboard**: Assessment

#### Assessment interface



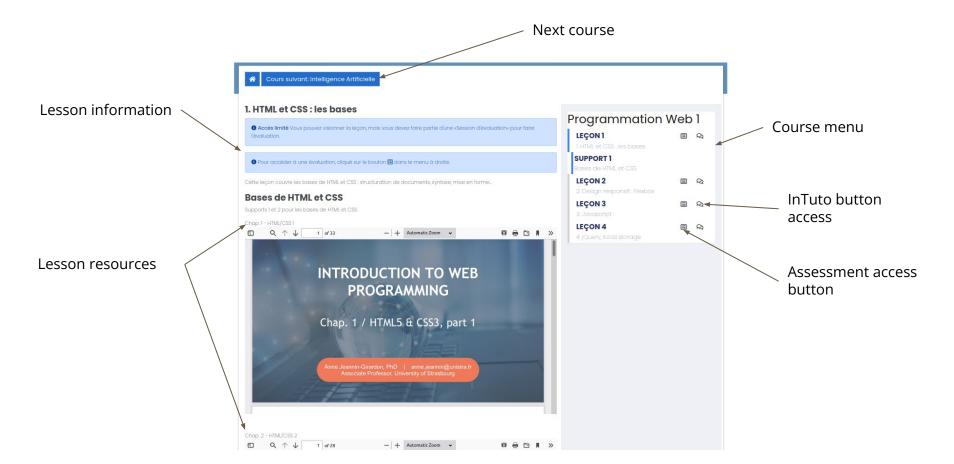
## **Dashboard: Assessment**



# Course

Public

## **Course: Lesson view**



# Level

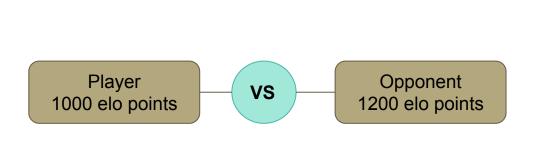
**ELO** 

#### **ELO**: Definition

The ELO level rating used in POEM is similar to what we could find in sports, like chess.

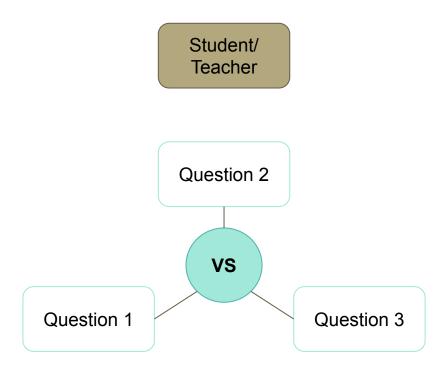
The level is calculated at the end of a match or a tournament. The player will gain or lose rating points.

"The difference between the ratings of the winner and loser determines the total number of points gained or lost after a game" Wikipedia.



Summary				
	Initial rating	Score	Rating change	Final rating
Player	1000	1	+15.2	1015.2
Opponent	1200	0	-15.2	1184.8

### **ELO: Phase 2**



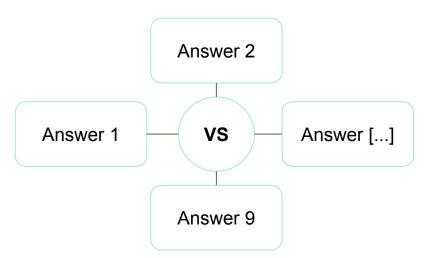
#### ELO level calculation step

In the Phase 2 tournament, each question evaluated will compete against each other. What will determine whether or not a question wins the match is the score given to it.

If question 1 has a score of 4 and question 2 has a score of 3, then the question wins the match against question 2.

#### **ELO: Phase 3**

Student



#### ELO level calculation step

The tournament of the phase 3, will be a confrontation between 9 evaluated answers, the calculation of level will be also on the same principle as the phase 2.

Q.1 Vs Q.2, Q.1 Vs Q.2, ..., Q.n Vs Q.n

In order to compensate a great difference in ELO level between player, a gain coefficient is applied.

#### **Conclusion**

#### POEM avance bien mais...



Re: POEM: Suite de la réunion du mercredi 16 mars 2022 (accès donnés ROF) 27 Avril 2022 9:16

Expéditeur : "Thierry BURGER-HELMCHEN" <burger@unistra.fr>

A: ("Pierre Collet" <pierre.collet@unistra.fr>

#### Cher collègue,

Après échange avec l'équipe de la vice-présidence formation, je confirme mes propos initiaux. Ce projet ne correspond pas à la stratégie adoptée par la vice-présidence pour les prochaines années. L'accès aux données strasbourgeoises est donc compromis. Une recherche auprès de vos partenaires, notamment marseillais, serait une piste à explorer.

#### Cordialement

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#### Thierry BURGER-HELMCHEN

Vice-président délégué formation Professeur, Université de Strasbourg, BETA-CNRS-INRAE, France

# Thank you for your attention

Resources: https://poem3.lbgi.fr/

Bibliographies:

[1] Newell, A.; Shaw, J.C.; Simon, H.A., Report on a general problem-solving program, Proceedings of the International Conference on Information Processing, pp 256–264, 1959

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